Chairman Richard E. Neal House Ways and Means Committee 1102 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Ranking Member Kevin Brady House Ways and Means Committee 1139 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 Chairman Frank Pallone House Energy and Commerce Committee 2125 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Ranking Member Greg Walden House Energy and Commerce Committee 2322 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

April 23, 2019

Dear Chairman Neal, Ranking Member Brady, Chairman Pallone, and Ranking Member Walden:

The undersigned organizations write to express our strong opposition to H.R. 2143, the "*Promoting Integrity in Medicare Act.*" If enacted, this legislation would severely limit patient access to life-saving services provided within coordinated care models as well as further fragment the healthcare delivery system during the transition to value-based payments and alternative payment models (APMs).

The in-office ancillary services exception (IOASE) allows clinicians to provide some services in the office setting, including advanced diagnostic imaging (MRI, PET, and CT scans), radiation therapy, anatomic pathology, and physical therapy, when complex and detailed supervision, location, and billing regulatory requirements are met. In the case of diagnostic studies, in-office access to these services can facilitate immediate diagnosis and help deliver rapid, appropriate treatment of a disease condition, in a setting that is more convenient, comfortable and familiar to a patient. The benefit of providing these medical services in the physicians' office setting is not limited to facilitating diagnoses; integration of these services facilitates the development of coordinated care models, improves communication between clinicians, offers better quality control of ancillary services and enhances data collection – all of which improves patient care and maximizes efficiencies.

Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act (MACRA) has fundamentally transformed the delivery of healthcare. MACRA provides important opportunities to move toward value-based payment paradigms rather than the traditional fee-for-service model. A successful transition to an innovative APM requires more coordination of care within and across specialties to improve patient outcomes and reduce overall health care costs. Data shows that independent physician groups are able to create alternative payment models that are both high quality and extremely cost effective.¹ Repealing the IOASE will severely restrict the ability of independent physicians to develop and participate in these new innovative payment models and as such is fundamentally antithetical to the goal of creating integrated care models. Indeed, restricting or eliminating the IOASE will further splinter our healthcare delivery system and make it more difficult to shift from fee-for-service to value-based payments.

The IOASE has enabled our practices to provide convenient, integrated and less expensive high-quality care. As studies by Milliman Inc.— commissioned by the American Medical Association and the Digestive Health Physicians Association— showed utilization of ancillary services in physician

¹ McWilliams JM, Chernew ME, Zaslavsky AM, et al. Delivery system integration and health care spending and quality for Medicare beneficiaries. (2013) JAMA Internal Medicine, 173(15), 1447-1456.

practices is a small percentage of total spending on ancillary services and is declining or growing more slowly than in hospital settings.^{2,3}

Any effort to repeal the IOASE should be rejected. The exception should be preserved to invigorate competition among health care providers and to ensure that physician practices can offer comprehensive care to keep costs down.

Our organizations seek to protect Medicare beneficiaries by providing high quality, ethical care in a setting that benefits the patient and facilitates care coordination. We strongly urge you to oppose H.R. 2143, legislation that would severely limit patient access to care and impede the successful implementation of innovative payment reforms currently underway.

Sincerely,

American Academy of Dermatology Association

American Academy of Neurology

American Academy of Ophthalmology

American Association of Clinical Urologists

American Association of Neurological Surgeons

American Association of Orthopaedic Surgeons

American College of Cardiology

American College of Gastroenterology

American College of Rheumatology

American College of Surgeons

American Gastroenterological Association

American Medical Association

AMGA

American Society for Dermatologic Surgery Association (ASDSA)

American Society of Echocardiography

American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy

American Society for Mohs Surgery

American Society of Neuroimaging

American Society of Nuclear Cardiology

American Urological Association

Cardiology Advocacy Alliance (CAA)

Congress of Neurological Surgeons

Digestive Health Physicians Association

LUGPA

Medical Group Management Association

National Association of Spine Specialists

Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Interventions (SCAI)

The US Oncology Network

The OrthoForum

 $^2\ American\ Medical\ Association,\ Milliman\ Study,\ March\ 2015;\ \underline{https://www.ama-assn.org/system/files/corp/media-browser/premium/washington/medicare-ancillary-services-report\ 0.pdf$